SURVEYING REGIONAL ARCHITECTURE: KHENSHARA, A VILLAGE IN MOUNT LEBANON

The conclusions divide the periods and the architectural – mostly superimposed – layers into:
1) Agricultural society during the 19th century characterized by mainly mono-cellular houses.
2) Flourished bourgeois community in the late 19th and early 20th century characterized by Beirut houses.
3) Since the 1940s the gradual transformation of Khenshara into a summer village.
4) The ‘suburbanization’ of the village since the 1970s with daily migration to Beirut.

The course was completed with an exhibition in the municipality where the students could discuss the architectural heritage of the village with the inhabitants.

Students:

[[Images of Khenshara village in Mount Lebanon]]